Supplemental Table S6. Seven categories of Comfort Theory application in healthcare (n = 359)

| Theory application category | N | Year of publication | Country of origin | Settings | Participants | Design/ methods |
|--|----|--|---|--|---|--|
| Interventions underpinned by Comfort Theory as the theoretical framework | 56 | 2018 - 2023: n = 25, 1992 - 2017: n = 31. | USA: n = 24, China: n = 20, Turkey: n = 6, Portugal: n = 3, Indonesia: n = 2, Canada: n = 1. | Hospital: n= 45, Others: n = 11 | Genitourinary system diseases: n = 9, Neoplasms: n = 8, Digestive system diseases: n = 6, Surgical or post-surgical status: n = 6, Palliative care: n = 6, Pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium: n = 4, Nervous system diseases: n = 3, Critical care patients: n = 3, Healthy people: n = 3, Circulatory system diseases: n = 2, Mental, behavioural or neurodevelopmental disorders: n = 2, Patients with pain: n = 2, Respiratory system diseases: n = 1, Chemotherapy patients: n = 1. | Quasi-experimental study: n = 29, RCT: n = 18, MMS: n = 9. |
| Interventions evaluated by instruments derived from Comfort Theory | 96 | 2018 - 2022: n = 61, 1992 - 2017: n = 35. | China: n = 72, Turkey: n = 16, Iran: n = 4, USA: n = 1, Australia: n = 1, Thailand: n = 1, Malaysia: n = 1. | Hospital: n = 93, Nursing home: n = 2, School: n = 1. | Neoplasms: n = 21, Circulatory system diseases: n = 16, Pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium: n = 10, Digestive system diseases: n = 8, Genitourinary system diseases: n = 7, Musculoskeletal system or connective tissue diseases: n = 6, Surgical or post-surgical status: n = 6, Respiratory system diseases: n = 4, Injury, poisoning or certain other consequences of external causes: n = 4, Bedridden patients: n = 3, | RCT: n = 65, Quasi- experimental study: n = 29, MMS: n = 1, CSS: n = 1. |

| Theory application category | N | Year of publication | Country of origin | Settings | Participants | Design/ methods |
|---|----|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Descriptive or observational studies of services or practices underpinned by Comfort Theory | 34 | 2018 - 2023: n = 15, 1992 - 2017: n = 19 | USA: n = 19, China: n = 10, Pakistan: n = 2, Brazil: n = 1, Chile: n = 1, Singapore: n = 1. | Hospital: n = 23, Others: n = 2. | Nervous system diseases: n = 2, Elders: n = 2, Endocrine, nutritional or metabolic diseases: n = 2, Mental, behavioural or neurodevelopmental disorders: n = 1, Certain infectious or parasitic diseases: n = 1, Ear or mastoid process diseases: n = 1, Faecal incontinence patients: n = 1, Unspecified inpatients: n = 2. Neoplasms: n = 8, Healthy people: n = 6, Circulatory system disease: n = 3, Palliative care: n = 3, Respiratory system diseases: n = 2, Elders: n = 2, Pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium: n = 2, Surgical or post- surgical status: n = 2, Genitourinary system diseases: n = 1, Neurocognitive disorders patients: n = 1, Injury, poisoning or certain other consequences of external causes: n = 1, Critical care: n = 1, Post traumatic loss of limb patients: n = 1, Patients with pain: n = 1. | Case study: n = 13, Service description: n = 10, CCS: n = 6, Quasi-experimental study: n = 2, MMS: n = 2, Cohort study: n = 1. |
| Surveys using questionnaires derived from Comfort Theory | 71 | 2018 - 2023: n = 29, 1992 - 2017: n = 42. | China: n = 29, USA: n = 15, Turkey: n = 12, Brazil: n = 7, | Hospital: n = 56, Others: n = 15. | Neoplasms: n = 12, Genitourinary system diseases: n = 8, Pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium: n = 7, Healthy people: n = 7, Surgical or | CSS: n = 51 (in which online survey: n = 5), Longitudinal study: n = 16, MMS: n = 3, |

| Theory application category | N | Year of publication | Country of origin | Settings | Participants | Design/ methods |
|--|----|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | Korea: n = 2, Austria + Germany: n = 1, Colombia: n = 1, Jordan: n = 1, Iran: n = 1, Israel: n = 1, Thailand: n = 1. | | post-surgical status: n = 6, Digestive system diseases: n = 5, Palliative care: n = 5, Circulatory system diseases: n = 4, Nervous system diseases: n = 3, Critical care: n = 3, Elder patients and nurses: n = 3, Urinary incontinence patients: n = 2, Respiratory system diseases: n = 2, Injury, poisoning or certain other consequences of external causes: n = 1, Certain infectious or parasitic diseases: n = 1, Multiple system: n = 1, Unspecified: n = 1. | Cohort study: n = 1. |
| Questionnaires development or adaption based on Comfort Theory | 34 | 2018 - 2023: n = 15, 1992 - 2017: n = 19. | China: n = 12, Austria + Germany: n = 4, Brazil: n = 4, Portugal: n = 4, Turkey: n = 4, USA: n = 3, Spain: n = 2, Indonesia: n = 1. | Hospital: n = 28, Others: n = 6. | Neoplasms: n = 5, Genitourinary system diseases: n = 5, Healthy people: n = 5, Diseases of the musculoskeletal system or connective tissue: n = 4, Surgical or post-surgical status patients: n = 4, Nervous system disease: n = 3, Circulatory system diseases: n = 2, Palliative care: n = 2, Mental, behavioural or neurodevelopmental disorders: n = 1, Pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium: n = 1, Unspecified participants: n = 2. | Questionnaire development: n = 15, Questionnaire cross-cultural adaption: n = 8, Questionnaire psychometric test (reliability and validity): n = 7, Questionnaire revalidation in populations: n = 2, Questionnaire validation feasibility study: n = 2. |

| Theory application category | N | Year of publication | Country of origin | Settings | Participants | Design/ methods |
|--|----|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Qualitative studies interpreted by Comfort Theory | 21 | 2018 - 2023: n = 13, 1992 - 2017: n = 8. | Brazil: n = 8, USA: n = 4, Australia: n = 1, China: n = 1, Norway: n = 1, Portugal: n = 1, Sweden: n = 1, Wales: n = 1, Indonesia: n = 1, Ecuador: n = 1. | Hospital: n = 14, Others: n = 7. | Patients and staff members: n = 4, Circulatory system diseases: n = 3, Palliative care: n = 2, Healthy people: n = 2, Pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium: n = 2, Neoplasms: n = 1, Nervous system diseases: n = 1, Elder patients: n = 1, Surgical or post- surgical status: n = 1. | Qualitative study: n = 6, Descriptive qualitative study: n = 5, Phenomenological study: n = 3, Reflective qualitative study: n = 2, Case study: n = 2, Explorative qualitative study: n = 1, Collective subject discourse: n = 1. Secondary qualitative |
| Literature reviews and discussion about Comfort Theory use | 47 | 2018 - 2023: n = 19, 1992 - 2017: n = 27. | USA: n = 18, China: n = 11, Portugal: n = 7, Brazil: n = 5, Canada: n = 2, Indonesia: n = 1, Kazakhstan: n = 1, Spain: n = 1, Turkey: n = 1. | N/A | N/A | analysis: n = 1. Literature review: n =23 (which included: integrative review: n = 4, concept analysis: n = 3, systematic review: n = 2, theory derivation method: n = 1, scoping review: n = 1, psychometric review: n = 1.), Literature review and discussion paper: n = 11, Literature review |

| Theory application category | N | Year of publication | Country of origin | Settings | Participants | Design/ methods |
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| | | | | | | and discussion as a book chapter: n = 6, Reflection: n = 6, |
| | | | | | | Literature review and discussion as a slide presentation: n = 1. |

CCS: case-controlled study; CSS: cross-sectional study; MMS: mixed methods study; N/A: Not applicable; RCT: randomized controlled trial; USA: United states of America.

The sum for column of year was 358 as one document had not this information.