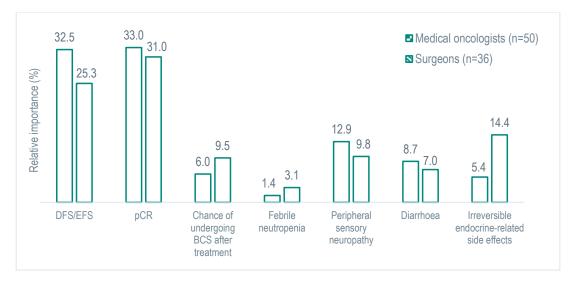
Supplemental Figure 1. Sample of DCE questionnaire

Attribute	Regimen A	Regimen B
Median disease-free/ event-free survival	12 months free of cancer, recurrence, progression, complications or death.	24 months free of cancer, recurrence, progression, complications or death.
Pathological complete response (pCR)	70% probability of achieving pCR	30% probability of achieving pCR
	70% chance of undergoing BCS	30% chance of undergoing BCS
Chance of undergoing breast conserving surgery (BCS) after receiving this anticancer treatment		**************************************
Febrile Neutropenia	5% risk of experiencing febrile neutropenia	20% risk of experiencing febrile neutropenia
	5% risk of experiencing peripheral sensory	20% risk of experiencing peripheral sensory
Peripheral sensory neuropathy	neuropathy	neuropathy
	50% risk of experiencing diarrhea	10% risk of experiencing diarrhea
Diarrhoea		**************************************
	8% chance of developing irreversible endocrine-related side effects	0% chance of developing irreversible endocrine-related side effects
Irreversible endocrine-related side effects requiring lifelong medication	endocrine-related side effects A side of the control of the contr	endocrine-related side effects
If these were your only options, which treatment regimen would you choose? Select the box to indicate your choice. [Single select]	0	0

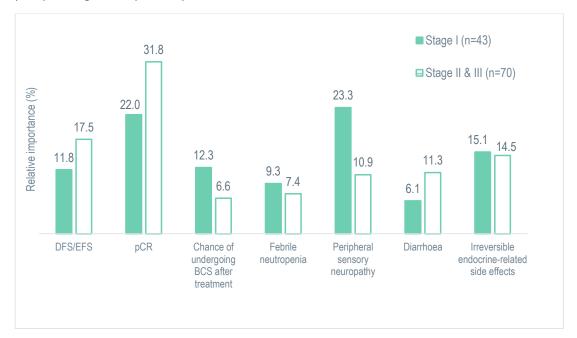
Supplemental Figure 2. Relative importance of attributes in medical oncologists and surgeons. BCS, breast-conserving surgery; DFS/ EFS, disease free survival/ event-free survival; pCR, pathological complete response.



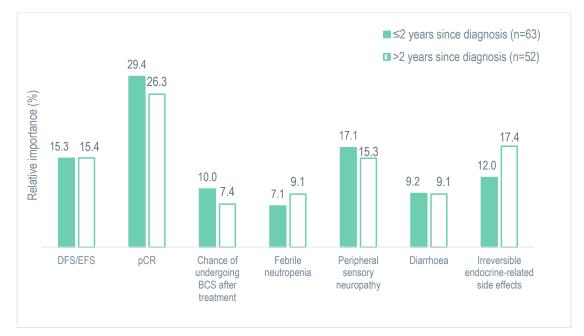
Supplemental Figure 3. Relative importance of attributes in patients younger than and above 50 years of age. BCS, breast-conserving surgery; DFS/ EFS, disease free survival/ event-free survival; pCR, pathological complete response.



Supplemental Figure 4. Relative importance of attributes in patients diagnosed at stage I and stages II and III. BCS, breast-conserving surgery; DFS/ EFS, disease free survival/ event-free survival; pCR, pathological complete response.



Supplemental Figure 5. Relative importance of attributes in eTNBC patients who were diagnosed within and more than 2 years prior to study participation. BCS, breast-conserving surgery; DFS/ EFS, disease free survival/ event-free survival; pCR, pathological complete response.



Supplemental Figure 6. Relative importance of attributes in patients who were receiving chemotherapy and non-chemotherapy options during study participation. Non-chemotherapy includes radiation therapy (n=3), surgery (n=6), don't know and not receiving treatment (n=37). BCS, breast-conserving surgery; DFS/ EFS, disease free survival/ event-free survival; pCR, pathological complete response.

